# Performix Safety Data Sheet

## F611 C950 SD Coating

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 07/26/2016 Version: 2.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

: F611 SD Coating Product name Product Code : F611101C950

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Plasti Dip International, Inc. 3920 Pheasant Ridge Drive Blaine, MN 55449 Phone - (763) 785-2156

#### Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (US); 703-527-3887 (International)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1.

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Carc. 2 H351 Repr. 2 H361 STOT SE 3 H336 STOT RE 2 H373 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

#### 22 Label elements

#### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour Hazard statements (GHS-US)

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs) through

prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment P241 - Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapours, fume

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

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P312 - Call a doctor, a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water

before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work on this label)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry extinguishing powder, foam to

extinguish

P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste handling facility

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling	(CAS No) 68410-97-9	15 - 40*	
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-49-0	15 - 40*	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	(CAS No) 64742-89-8	15 - 40*	
Hexane	(CAS No) 110-54-3	10 - 30*	
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	5 - 10*	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	5 - 10*	
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	1 - 5*	
Octane	(CAS No) 111-65-9	1 - 5*	
n-Heptane	(CAS No) 142-82-5	1 - 5*	
Carbon black	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	1 - 8*	
Ethylbenzene	(CAS No) 100-41-4	1 - 5*	
Methyl ethyl ketone	(CAS No) 78-93-3	1 - 5*	

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with paragraph (i) of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR §1910.1200), the specific chemical identity or exact weight % has been withheld as a trade secret

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice. Show this safety data sheet to the

doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an

unconscious person.

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at

least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing if pain, blinking, or irritation develops or

persists, get medical attention. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison

control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye

irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the

unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Foam.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Explosion hazard : Heating may cause an explosion.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information : This material is flammable and may be ignited by heat, sparks, or static electricity.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ventilate area. Keep upwind. Spill should be handled by trained clean-up crews

properly equipped with respiratory equipment and full chemical protective gear (see Section 8).

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection. Approved supplied-air

respirator, in case of emergency.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or

streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay

or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13). This material and its container must be

disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from

sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating,

drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep the container tightly closed. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away

from ignition sources.

Storage temperature : Do not store above 49 °C (120 °F)

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3
Remark (ACGIH)	Bronchitis
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	3.5

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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	otreating process, low-boiling (68410-97-9)	
Remark (ACGIH) OELs not established		
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light (6	4742-49-0)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphati	c (64742-89-8)	
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
Octane (111-65-9)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	300	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2350	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	1800 Vacated	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	375 Vacated	
n-Heptane (142-82-5)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400	
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 (listed under Heptane, all isomers)	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	2000	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	500	
, , , , ,		
Toluene (108-88-3)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	Visual impoint famala rango	
Remark (ACGIH)	Visual impair; female repro;	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	00	
ACGIH TWA (ppm) Remark (ACGIH)	20 upper respiratory tract irritation; kidney damage	
iteliaik (ACGIT)	(nephropathy); cochlear impairment	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	125	
Hexane (110-54-3)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100	
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	655	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500	
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400	
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	2400 (The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors)	

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Acetone (67-64-1)	
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	1000
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	885
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	300

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust

ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate

ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory

protection.









Hand protection

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. Change contaminated gloves immediately. Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Eye protection

Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection

Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

Respiratory protection

Viscosity, kinematic

Viscosity, dynamic

Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liauid

: Honey Like Substance. Appearance Color No data available Odor Characteristic Odor Threshold No data available No data available рΗ

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)

Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available

56 - 141 °C (133 - 285 °F) Boiling point

Flash point -23 °C (-10.0 °F) (Method Used: TCC)

No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapour pressure 185 mm Hg (20 °C) Relative vapour density at 20 °C < Heavier than air Relative density  $0.789 - 0.816 (H_2O = 1)$ Solubility Water: Insoluble Log Pow No data available Log Kow No data available

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No data available

: No data available

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Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : 0.9 - 12.8 vol %

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 76 - 78 %

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Ignition sources. Heat. Sparks. Open flame. Static electricity.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. selected amines with alkali metals and halogens.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>).

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15400 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3 g/kg
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light (64742	2-49-0)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	73680 ppm/4h
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic (64	4742-89-8)
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg mouse
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
Octane (111-65-9)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	118 g/m³ 4 h
n-Heptane (142-82-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	103 g/m³ 4h
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2600 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	12000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	12.5 mg/l/4h
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15400 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	17.2 mg/l/4h
Hexane (110-54-3)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	48000 ppm/4h
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	50100 mg/m³
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.

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Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)			
IARC group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
Benzene (71-43-2)			
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status 2 - Known Human Carcinogens			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)			
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status 3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen			
Cumene (98-82-8)			
IADC group	2P. Possibly carsinegonic to hymans		

IARC group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs) through prolonged or

exposure)

repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms

Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. **Toxicity**

: No information available. Ecology - general

Hexane (110-54-3)	
LC50 fish 1	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas [flow-through]

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

F611 Coating	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

F611 Coating	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

F611 Coating	
Ecology - soil	No information available.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods Obtain the consent of pollution control authorities before discharging to wastewater treatment

Waste disposal recommendations Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the

product to be released into the environment.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1139 Coating solution (Contains: Hexane; Acetone), 3, II

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UN-No.(DOT) : 1139
DOT NA no. : UN1139
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Coating solution

(Contains: Hexane; Acetone)

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

3

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

F611 Coating			
All chemical substances in this product are list or are exempt	sted in the EPA (Environment Protection Agenc	y) TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
CERCLA RQ	1000	lb	
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313		
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)			
CERCLA RQ	5000	lb	
Section 313	Not Listed on US SARA Section 313		
Hexane (110-54-3)			
CERCLA RQ	5000	lb	
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
CERCLA RQ	100	lb	
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313		
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
CERCLA RQ	1000	lb	
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
CERCLA RQ	5000	lb	
Section 313	Not Listed on US SARA Section 313		

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#### 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available.

### 15.3. US State regulations

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Carbon black (1333-86-	4)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	Not available
Toluene (108-88-3)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No	7000 μg/day
Benzene (71-43-2)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	13 (inhalation) 6.4 (oral) µg/day 49 (inhalation) 24 (oral) µg/day
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4	)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	54 (inhalation) 41 (oral) µg/day
Naphthalene (91-20-3)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	5.8 μg/day
Cumene (98-82-8)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	Not available
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1	)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No	47,000 (inhalation) 23,000 (oral) μg/day

## Carbon black (1333-86-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
  U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
  U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances

### Octane (111-65-9)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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#### n-Heptane (142-82-5)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Benzene (71-43-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Naphthalene (91-20-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Hexane (110-54-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Cumene (98-82-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

### Acetone (67-64-1)

NFPA fire hazard

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Version 1.0 (21 May 2015)	Created GHS complaint SDS
Version 2.0(26 Jul 2016)	Updated classification/composition

Other information : Author: BCS

curo: micrination		
NFPA health hazard	· 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary	_
NEPA nealin nazam	Z = INTERISE OF CONTINUED EXPOSURE COULD CAUSE TEMPOORARY	

medical attention is given.

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure

and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



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Safety Data Sheet
Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2\* Flammability : 4 : 0 Physical Personal protection

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

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